

**Listing of the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended) A method of displaying a standard definition television signal on a high definition matrix display, comprising the steps of:
  - receiving the standard definition television signal to provide a received signal;
  - sampling the received signal to provide a sampled digital video signal;
  - deinterlacing the sampled digital video signal to provide a progressive line signal;
  - doubling the progressive line signal to provide a predetermined number of active lines of video in a frame; and
  - displaying the predetermined number of active lines of video on the high definition matrix display in a shortened vertical interval that compensates for the transmission of black lines transmitted at the top and bottom of the display.
2. (original) The method of claim 1, where the method further comprises the step of storing the progressive line signal into a memory before the step of doubling.
3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of doubling comprises the step of reading each line of the progressive line signal twice from the memory to produce a standard 960p signal, wherein the progressive line signal is a 480p signal.
4. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the method further comprises the step of reading each line of the progressive line signal twice from the memory at a speed fast enough to produce the doubling of each line of the progressive line signal in the frame and to transmit the frame to the display in a shorter interval than was used to write the progressive line signal to the memory.
5. (canceled)

6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises the steps of writing the signal corresponding to the predetermined number of active lines of video into a memory and reading out the predetermined number of active lines of video from the memory in a shorter time interval than was used to write the signal corresponding to the predetermined number of active lines of video into the memory.
7. (original) The method of claim 6, wherein the signal corresponding to the predetermined number of active lines is a 960p frame which is read out of the memory and transmitted to the display in approximately 88% of a vertical period.
8. (currently amended) A method of displaying a standard definition television signal on a high definition matrix display, comprising the steps of:
  - receiving the standard definition television signal to provide a received signal;
  - sampling the received signal to provide a sampled digital video signal;
  - deinterlacing the sampled digital video signal to provide a progressive line signal;
  - doubling the progressive line signal to provide a predetermined number of active lines of video in a frame;
  - storing the frame containing the predetermined number of active lines in a memory; and
  - reading the frame from memory and transmitting it to the high definition matrix display in a shortened vertical interval that compensates for the transmission of black lines transmitted at the top and bottom of the display.
9. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein the shortened vertical interval is approximately 88% of a vertical interval.
10. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein the step of doubling comprises the step of repeating each line of the progressive line signal to produce a standard 960p signal, wherein the progressive line signal is a 480p signal.

11. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein step of storing the frame, comprises the step of storing a 960p signal into the memory.

12. (canceled)

13. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein the signal corresponding to the predetermined number of active lines is a 960p frame which is read out of the memory and transmitted to the display in approximately 88% of a vertical interval.